## Based on Unit 5 State of Matter

## M.M. 30

1. A substance which can flow will be
a. Liquid
b. gas
c. Solid
d. $a$ and $b$ both.
2. $\mathrm{V} \alpha \mathrm{n}$ state which law of gas
a. Gay-Lusac
b. Avagadro
c. Boyels
d. Charles1
3. State Charles law and give explanation for that. 2
4. Give 1 atmospheric pressure in Pascal and mm.2
5. State Boyel's law and deduce expression also. 2
6. Calculate the temperature at which $28 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{N}_{2}$ occupise a volume of 10 liters at 24.6 atm . 2
7. Calculate the resulting temperature change if a $52 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ sample of a gas is at fix pressure expanded to $104 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$.
8. At $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 760 mm of Hg pressure a gas occupies 600 ml volume. What will be the pressure at a height where temperature is $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and volume of gas is 640 ml ?
9. Distinguish among Solid, Liquid and Gas.
10. What do you mean by intermolecular forces and define Dipole-Dipole and London forces. 4
11. Deduce the Ideal Gas Equation and write the value of $R$.
12. 34.05 ml of phosphorus vapour weighs 0.625 gm at $546^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 0.1 bar pressure. Find the molar mass of phosphorus.

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Hand Book of Fundamental of Physics, By Ashutosh Pandey \& Hand Book of Fundamental of Mathematics, By Ashutosh Pandey

